



1

00:00:00,710 --> 00:00:05,340

"Here's some of the stories trending This Week at NASA!"

2

00:00:05,340 --> 00:00:11,570

During a televised presentation to NASA employees, on May 25 from NASA Headquarters, Deputy Administrator

3

00:00:11,570 --> 00:00:17,289

Dava Newman and retired NASA astronaut Scott Kelly reflected on Kelly's historic one-year

4

00:00:17,289 --> 00:00:22,859

mission aboard the International Space Station, which he and Russian cosmonaut Mikhail Kornienko

5

00:00:22,859 --> 00:00:24,539

completed in March.

6

00:00:24,539 --> 00:00:28,779

The event featured video highlights from the mission and Q&A with employees watching at

7

00:00:28,779 --> 00:00:31,519

NASA centers around the country.

8

00:00:31,519 --> 00:00:36,390

During the longest-ever mission on the station, Kelly and Kornienko collected critical biomedical

9

00:00:36,390 --> 00:00:41,649

and psychological data researchers hope will help support deep space missions, including

10

00:00:41,649 --> 00:00:45,039

NASA's Journey to Mars.

11

00:00:45,039 --> 00:00:50,510

On May 26 and 27 the prime and backup crew

members of the International Space Station's

12  
00:00:50,510 --> 00:00:56,589  
Expedition 48-49, including NASA's Kate  
Rubins and backup Peggy Whitson, conducted

13  
00:00:56,589 --> 00:01:01,870  
final qualification training at the Gagarin  
Cosmonaut Training Center in Star City Russia.

14  
00:01:01,870 --> 00:01:08,530  
Rubins, Anatoly Ivanishin of Roscosmos, and  
Takuya Onishi of the Japan Aerospace Exploration

15  
00:01:08,530 --> 00:01:14,229  
Agency are scheduled to launch June 24 from  
Kazakhstan, to begin a four-month mission

16  
00:01:14,229 --> 00:01:15,890  
on the station.

17  
00:01:15,890 --> 00:01:21,660  
NASA's OSIRIS-REx spacecraft arrived at  
the Kennedy Space Center in Florida on May

18  
00:01:21,660 --> 00:01:24,790  
20 in preparation for its mission this fall.

19  
00:01:24,790 --> 00:01:30,200  
OSIRIS-REx is scheduled to launch from Cape  
Canaveral Air Force Station September 8 to

20  
00:01:30,200 --> 00:01:35,810  
asteroid Bennu, on the first U.S. mission  
to collect a sample from an asteroid and return

21  
00:01:35,810 --> 00:01:37,939  
it to Earth for study.

22

00:01:37,939 --> 00:01:43,020

Scientists believe Bennu may hold clues to the origin of the solar system and the source

23

00:01:43,020 --> 00:01:48,810

of the water and organic molecules that may have made their way to Earth.

24

00:01:48,810 --> 00:01:53,210

Engineers at Goddard Space Flight Center have successfully installed a suite of science

25

00:01:53,210 --> 00:01:56,619

instruments in NASA's James Webb Space Telescope.

26

00:01:56,619 --> 00:02:01,340

The instrument package includes a collection of cameras and spectrographs that will record

27

00:02:01,340 --> 00:02:04,740

light collected by Webb's giant golden mirror.

28

00:02:04,740 --> 00:02:10,190

The next step for Webb is a series of vibration and acoustic tests to ensure the onboard instruments

29

00:02:10,190 --> 00:02:16,740

can withstand the conditions they will experience during launch – which is scheduled for 2018.

30

00:02:16,740 --> 00:02:22,360

NASA's Glenn Research Center in Cleveland held several events highlighting the center's

31

00:02:22,360 --> 00:02:23,830

75th anniversary.

32

00:02:23,830 --> 00:02:29,270

The events, including Glenn's first public open house since 2008, showcased some of the

33  
00:02:29,270 --> 00:02:34,520  
latest technologies being developed at Glenn  
to help shape the future of aeronautics and

34  
00:02:34,520 --> 00:02:38,380  
power NASA's Journey to Mars.

35  
00:02:38,380 --> 00:02:43,490  
On June 1, NASA Television will become all  
High Definition (HD), and no longer distribute

36  
00:02:43,490 --> 00:02:45,920  
a Standard Definition (SD) feed.

37  
00:02:45,920 --> 00:02:51,170  
Starting June 1, the programming previously  
seen on Standard Definition NASA TV Channel

38  
00:02:51,170 --> 00:02:56,120  
102, will air on the HD Public-Education Channel  
101.

39  
00:02:56,120 --> 00:03:01,590  
Viewers may want to contact their cable distributor  
or satellite service provider to ensure those

40  
00:03:01,590 --> 00:03:06,990  
companies know about the June 1 change and  
are able to continue providing NASA TV on

41  
00:03:06,990 --> 00:03:07,990  
their systems.

42  
00:03:07,990 --> 00:03:11,200  
And that's what's up this week @NASA ...